C.A.F.E. Practices - Terms & Conditions - v3.4
(Effective November 1st 2016)

Applicants seeking a valid C.A.F.E. Practices status must meet Starbucks quality and economic transparency pre-requisites. Both pre-requisites must be approved by Starbucks Coffee Trading Company (SCTC), in Lausanne, Switzerland.

Starbucks recommends that C.A.F.E. Practices verifications take place during harvest. In-harvest verifications will result in longer validity periods (Table 2).

C.A.F.E. Practices Status and Validity

1. Provisional Status:
   a. Provisional Status will only be granted to new supply chains subject to the following conditions:
      i. Supply chains that have previously participated in C.A.F.E. Practices are not eligible.
      ii. Submission of completed application.
      iii. Confirmation that all C.A.F.E. Practices Zero Tolerance (ZT) indicators have been reviewed, and supply chain is compliant.
      iv. Farmers have been informed and consent to participating in C.A.F.E. Practices, and are not a member of another C.A.F.E. Practices supply chain.
      v. Commitment to completing the verification process:
         1. Commitment to setting a verification date within 90 days of receiving ID.
         2. Any change in verification dates have to be communicated to the Farmer Support Center in Costa Rica and the respective trader at SCTC.
   
   b. The Provisional period will expire after a maximum of 12 months or at the end of the validity cycle, whichever occurs first, for which the application is submitted. Provisional period cannot be extended (Table 1).
      i. A C.A.F.E. Practices verification must take place, and reporting process completed prior to the end of the provisional period.
      ii. A supply chain with a Provisional status may ship coffee as C.A.F.E. Practices within this period.
      iii. Any non-compliance with Zero Tolerance indicators identified during the verification process must be addressed and resolved within the provisional period, with corrective action plans and time-frames for completion approved by Starbucks and confirmed by a 3rd party verification organization.
      iv. The 3rd party ZT check must be undertaken by the same verification organization as the original verification.
c. Subject to verification score achieved, provisional status may be converted to a Verified, Preferred, or Strategic status (Table 2) once the verification has been completed, reports are submitted to Starbucks and compliance with C.A.F.E. Practices has been confirmed.
   i. Starbucks expects our suppliers to provide the Farmer Support Center – Costa Rica with quarterly updates on corrective actions.
   ii. The provisional period will be counted as part of the total validity period.
   iii. Starbucks reserves the right to reject any coffee shipments after expiration of provisional period, if minimum C.A.F.E. Practices requirements have not been met.
   iv. Absence of a valid status after expiration of provisional status could cause a supplier to be in default of contract on any outstanding shipments.

2. **Renewals (Re-verification):**
   a. All supply chains with a current (unexpired) validity & status must complete their re-verification process prior to expiration of current validity – in some cases this could be as much as a year in advance.

   b. An early re-verification will not affect or shorten the current validity or status, and will provide a continuous C.A.F.E. Practices validity for that specific supply chain application.

   c. A re-verification is considered complete only when a new validity and status have been granted.

   Any lapse in validity may cause the supply chain to be in default of contract on any outstanding shipments.

   d. Please note: the verification process, including reporting, can take up to 2-5 months, depending on supply chain complexity, and level of compliance.
      i. Approximate timelines: field audit time + 4-6 weeks client report preparation + 2 weeks client review + 2 weeks Starbucks final submission & review.
      ii. Any Zero Tolerance (ZT) issues will extend these timelines.

3. **Expired Validity & Pending Re-verification:**
   Starbucks reserves the right to reject any coffee shipments until a re-verification has been completed and a new status and validity have been granted. A new status and validity can only be granted once all requirements have been met.

4. **Verifications with Zero Tolerance (ZT) Instances**
   a. If non-compliance with Zero Tolerance (ZT) indicators is identified by the 3rd party verification organization, the applicant will be notified by the verifier and Starbucks. Applicant will be requested to develop and submit a Corrective Action Plan.

   b. The applicant is responsible for the implementation of the Corrective Action Plan to resolve all Zero Tolerance (ZT) instances as per Starbucks requirements.

   c. The applicant is responsible for contacting and scheduling the 3rd party ZT check to confirm compliance with all Zero Tolerance indicators.

   d. Upon receipt of the 3rd party ZT check report, a corresponding status and validity will be granted.
e. Any delays or failure to resolve Zero Tolerance (ZT) instances prior to expiration of current validity may cause supplier to be in default of contract on outstanding shipments, and penalties may apply.

5. **Final Status and Validity:**
   a. Status and validity will be granted once all requirements have been met and approved by Starbucks.
   
   b. **Start Date:** Validity periods correspond with the shipping cycle of the respective country / region (Table 1). NOTE: The C.A.F.E. Practices verification process, including reporting and approval, must be completed prior to intended shipping period.
   
   c. **End Date:** Status and length of validity will vary depending on verification score achieved and in / off-harvest verification as defined in Table 2.
   
   d. Note: C.A.F.E. Practices coffee must be shipped within your current validity period. Coffees harvested within your validity period, but shipped after validity expiration may not be accepted.

### Validity Periods per Region - Table 1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Countries/ Region</th>
<th>Validity Periods*</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Colombia / North &amp; Central:</strong> [Boyaca, Cesar, La Guajira, Magdalena, Norte de Santander, Antioquia, Caldas, Cundinamarca, Quindio, Risaralda, Santander, Casanare] Peru / North: [Amazonas, Cajamarca, Piura, San Martin] Hawaii</td>
<td>April 1&lt;sup&gt;st&lt;/sup&gt; - March 31&lt;sup&gt;st&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cameroon, Ethiopia, Kenya, Tanzania / North, Uganda</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Puerto Rico</td>
<td>July 1&lt;sup&gt;st&lt;/sup&gt; - June 30&lt;sup&gt;th&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<tr>
<td>China, India, Laos, Myanmar, Nepal, Philippines, Sumatra, Thailand, Vietnam</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Colombia / South:</strong> [Cauca, Huila, Nariño, Tolima, Valle del Cauca, Meta, Caquetá] Peru / Central &amp; South: [Junin, Huanuco, Pasco, Apurimac, Cusco, Puno] Bolivia, Brazil, Ecuador</td>
<td>October 1&lt;sup&gt;st&lt;/sup&gt; - September 30&lt;sup&gt;th&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Burundi, Cape Verde, DR-Congo, Malawi, Rwanda, Tanzania / South, Zambia, Zimbabwe</td>
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<tr>
<td>East Timor, Papua New Guinea, Sulawesi, Java</td>
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Scores and corresponding Status & Validity - Table 2.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Verification Scores</th>
<th>Harvest Classification</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Validity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>80% +</td>
<td>In-harvest</td>
<td>Strategic</td>
<td>4 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 - 79 %</td>
<td>In-harvest</td>
<td>Preferred</td>
<td>3 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Below 60 %</td>
<td>In-harvest</td>
<td>Verified</td>
<td>2 years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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<th>Validity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>80% +</td>
<td>Off-harvest</td>
<td>Strategic</td>
<td>2 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 - 79 %</td>
<td>Off-harvest</td>
<td>Preferred</td>
<td>1 year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Below 60 %</td>
<td>Off-harvest</td>
<td>Verified</td>
<td>1 year</td>
</tr>
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</table>

**In-harvest Classification:**
- 50% or more of the sampled farms and all mills must be inspected during the harvest and classified, as per the definition below, in order for the application to qualify as in-harvest. Corresponding validities will apply (Table 2).
- In-harvest definition:
  a. Farm level
    1. Large and medium farms have ripe or ripening cherries which can be observed on some part of the farm at time of verification. Harvest workers are present and available for interviews.
    2. Smallholder farms have ripe or ripening cherries which can be observed on some part of the farm at time of verification. In-harvest mill conditions apply as detailed below.
- In-harvest verification is not mandatory, but may provide a longer validity period and reduce verification costs over time (Table 2).
  a. Mill level
    1. Machinery (de-pulpers, washers, fermentation tanks, mechanical dryers, water treatment systems) must be or have been operating within the one (1) week preceding the verification.
    2. At least 50% of permanent workers (+ temporary workers when applicable) must be present on the day of the verification

**Sampling Methodology - Table 3.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Farm &amp; mills</th>
<th>Size (Hectares)</th>
<th>New Verification Sampling</th>
<th>Re-verification Sampling</th>
<th>Zero Tolerance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Smallholder Farms &amp; corresponding mills</td>
<td>&lt; 12</td>
<td>Square root of the total smallholder farms</td>
<td>15% of farms previously verified + 85% of new farms / not previously verified + All entities with prior zero tolerance issues must be included in re-verification application and</td>
<td>Note: All entities with prior zero tolerance issues must be included in re-verification application and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Large Farms &amp; corresponding mills</td>
<td>&gt; 50</td>
<td>All sampled; except when application consists of more than 20 large farms, then sampling method will be: square root of the total number of large farms multiplied by (1.5)</td>
<td>Previous Zero Tolerance</td>
<td>will be verified in addition to normal sample.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Generic and Smallholder Scorecards**

- **Smallholder Scorecard:** Smallholder farms and corresponding mills will be evaluated against the Smallholder Scorecard if milling operations are done on-site.

- **Generic Scorecard:** Stand-alone or independent wet and / or dry mills will be evaluated against the Generic Scorecard.

- **Generic Scorecard:** Medium and large farms, including corresponding wet and dry mills, will be evaluated against the Generic Scorecard.

**Continuous Improvement Check-ins**

As Starbucks seeks to improve farmer yields, as well as social and environmental conditions through Continuous Improvement in the C.A.F.E. Practices program, suppliers are expected to:

- Follow up with the Farmer Support Center on implementation of work plan within 30 days of approval letter
- Provide progress reports as requested
- Contact the Farmer Support Center to review or request assistance with action plans as needed
- Provide 6 month updates against work plan

Please note that the verification report, application, and the performance of the supplier may be subject to further audit.

A C.A.F.E. Practices status neither implies nor guarantees that coffee will be purchased by Starbucks Coffee Company.

* For any clarifications, assistance, or questions regarding your status please contact us at CAFEprac@starbucks.com.

** To learn more about C.A.F.E. Practices please visit:

[https://www.scsglobalservices.com/starbucks-cafe-practices](https://www.scsglobalservices.com/starbucks-cafe-practices)